

```
/* χρηση της strcat() strncat() */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
char str1[27]={"a"};
char str2[2];
main()
{
    int n;
    str2[1]='\0';
    for(n=98;n<123;n++)
    {
        str2[0] = n;
        strcat(str1,str2);
        puts(str1);
    }
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
main()
{
    char fn[10],fan[10],ln[20],nch[80];
    printf("\nEnter the firstname, father, lastname ");
    scanf("%s %s %s", fn, fan,ln);
    strncat(nch,fn,1);
    strcat(nch," ");
    strncat(nch,fan,1);
    strcat(nch," ");
    strncat(nch,ln);
    printf("\nThe name is %s", nch);
}
```

```
/* χρηση της strcmp */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
main()
{
    char str1[80],str2[80];
    int x;
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\nEnter the first string");
        gets(str1);
        if (strlen(str1)== 0)
            break;
        printf("\nEnter the second string");
        gets(str2);
        x= strcmp(str1,str2); // x=strncmp(str1,str2,3);
        printf("\nstrcmp(%s,%s) returns %d ",str1,str2,x);
    }
}
```

```
/* χρηση της strchr */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

main()
{
    char *loc, buf[80];
    int ch;
    printf("\nEnter the string ");
    gets(buf);
    printf("\nEnter the character ");
    ch=getchar();
    loc=strchr(buf,ch); // loc=strrchr(buf,ch);
    if (loc == NULL)
        printf("\nthe character %c was not found ", ch);
    else
        printf("\nthe character %c was found at position %d ", ch, loc-buf);

    return 0;
}
```

```
/* χρηση της strrev, strnset,strset */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

main()
{
    char str[]="this is a string";

    printf("\nThe original string: %s ",str);
    printf("\nstrrev() %s ",strrev(str));
    printf("\nstrrev() %s ",strrev(str));
    printf("\nstrnset() %s ",strnset(str,'*',5));
    printf("\nstrset() %s ",strset(str, '*'));
    return 0;
}
```
